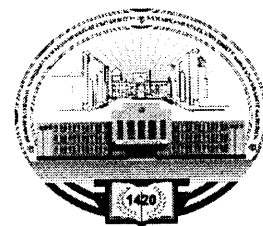


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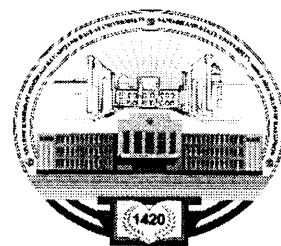
**Samarkand International  
Symposium on Magnetism**

**2 – 6 July, 2023**

**BOOK OF  
ABSTRACTS**  
of  
Samarkand International  
Symposium on Magnetism  
**SISM-2023**

**Samarkand, Uzbekistan  
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## DISTRIBUTION OF $\text{Co}^{2+}$ IONS IN SINGLE CRYSTALS OF $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Ga}_{2.5}\text{O}_4$

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The active study of spinels is due to their wide scientific and technological applications [1]. The distribution of cobalt  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  ions in single crystals of ordered reversed lithium–gallium spinel  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Ga}_{2.5}\text{O}_4$  has been studied by Electron Spin Resonance (ESR). The distribution of cobalt  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  ions depends on the structural and magnetic nonequivalence of ions in the elementary cells of single crystals. When an admixture of cobalt  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  is introduced into the matrix of an ordered lithium–gallium spinel, the latter replaces  $\text{Ga}^{3+}$  ions in tetra-positions (upper row – tetrahedra) and in octahedra (lower row - octahedra), and  $\text{Li}^+$  ions located in octahedrons (Figure 1).

The study of the angular dependence of the position of the lines of the ESR spectrum of "tetrahedral  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ " showed the presence of four magnetically nonequivalent positions of ions in the unit cell. The Hamiltonian constants at  $T=4.2\text{K}$  are  $g_{\parallel} = 2.203 \pm 0.002$ ,  $A = (30 \pm 1) \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $g_{\perp} = 4.621 \pm 0.005$ ,  $B = 0$ . The analysis of the angular dependence of the spectrum of "octahedral  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ " indicates the presence of four magnetically nonequivalent positions of  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  ions in the unit cell. The nearest cationic environment of the ion under study creates only axial distortions along the axes  $\langle 111 \rangle$ . Experimental values of spin-Hamiltonian constants are  $g_{\parallel} = 7.295 \pm 0.005$ ,  $A = (283 \pm 2) \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $g_{\perp} = 2.311 \pm 0.002$ ,  $B = 0$ .

The study of the angular dependence of the spectrum of "octahedral  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ " located in a crystal field of low symmetry showed the presence of twelve magnetically nonequivalent positions of rhombic  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  in the unit cell. Experimental values of spin-Hamiltonian constants in three main orientations are  $g_z = 6.927 \pm 0.005$ ,  $A = (229.6 \pm 3) \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $g_x = 1.972 \pm 0.002$ ,  $B = (30.4 \pm 1) \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $g_y = 2.855 \pm 0.005$ ,  $C = 0$ .

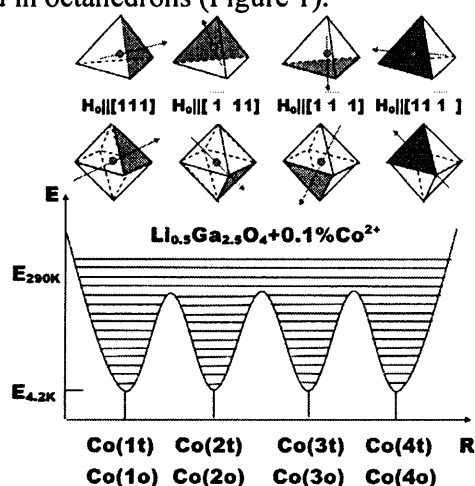


Figure 1. The dependence of the potential of the crystal field  $E$  on the distance  $R$ . The minima are located along the axes of type  $[111]$ . Tetrahedral (t) and octahedral (o) magnetically unequal positions of  $\text{Co}^{2+}$  ions in the unit cell are shown.

[1] V. Tsurkan et al., *Physics Reports*, **926** (2021) 1–86.